Montreal's Local 57 Seeks Help for Measurex Members

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Local 57 is asking for your support of our brothers and sisters in this struggle by sending contributions for these workers who dare to stand up and be counted — in the face of a bad economic climate. Local 57 thanks you in advance on the members' behalf.

Send donations to: SEPB, Local 57, 1265 Berri Street, Suite 630, Montreal, Quebec, H2L 4C6 Canada.

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Successes Build in Health Care and Public Sector Areas

Director of Organization Jay Porcaro announced that workers throughout the country were seeking union representation and that OPEIU has successfully won a number of recent election victories — most notably in the health care and public sector areas. Many more organizing campaigns are underway — in the Midwest, on the West Coast, in the South, in the Northeast.

Professional, technical and clerical workers have approached the union in record numbers, Porcaro said. Many are convinced that they need a union to protect their professions legislatively, provide additional benefits that were unavailable, give them bargaining or organizing expertise and establish training programs — in addition to providing job security and better wages and benefits.

Following are the recent successes, with many more on the way.

The National Union of Chiropractic Physicians (NUCP) is our newly chartered Local 64, headquartered in New York City which represents chiropractic physicians throughout the country. Through affiliation with OPEIU, NUCP will obtain legislative and lobbying expertise with which to represent our members in the political (Continued on page 2)

**Locals Launch Statewide Home Health Care Campaign**

**Locals Launch Statewide Home Health Care Campaign**

**Victorious Local 8 home care members in Aberdeen, Washington, celebrate.**

(Continued on page 2)

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Home Care Campaign

(Continued from page 1)

fair treatment.

The union has filed a complaint with the Department of Labor on behaf of these workers. They are not currently being paid for time spent filling out reports, traveling to work sites or meeting with their supervise-
s.

1989 OPEIU Local 8 won the right to get a special $2.8 million a year Medical Benefit Enhancement Fund in the state budget. This fund has enabled thousands of home care aides to receive health benefits. Since then Local 8 has worked in co-opera-
tion with several home care agencies to lobby the state legislature for better home care funding.

OPEIU is mounting a strong battle to organize these workers and to provide "Fairness for Home Care Aides." The union already has two victories to its credit:

Local 8, Seattle Wins Big for Home Care

On December 21, 1994, nearly 100 workers at the Coastal Community Action Program (CCAP) in Ab-

erdeen, Washington voted overwhelmingly to join Local 8 in a NLRB conducted election. With 78 workers eligible to vote at the time of the election, the count was 40 to 18 in favor of representation, announced

Organizer Jeff Edmiston hands out in Longview for Local 11.

Local 8 Organizer Cindy Schu.

The challenges of an anti-union employer campaign, no centralized workplace, little worker contact and a high turnover rate were overcome, she said, by workers determined to have a union. Why were the CCAP workers able to overcome the obsta-
cles?

Key to the campaign was a very strong and active organizing committee. It met weekly to plan building the union in the workplace. With the guidance of International Organizer Diana Shaffer and Schu, the commi-
tee took courageous steps to spread the union message. They

leafletted and spoke out at employer-held "captive audience" meetings, wrote letters to the management and the board of directors, and systematically house-called and phoned co-

workers to build support. The committee’s willingness to be visible union activities alleviated the fears of the other workers.

Schu explained that fairness was the main motivator to organize. "The workers, 99 percent of whom are women, perform the essential personal care tasks that enable frail el-
derly and disabled people to remain in their homes and out of costly insti-
tutions. For this valuable contribution to society they receive only $5.40 an hour and have no medical benefits, sick leave, vacation or hol-
days. Labor law violations and health and safety risks are all too common. And with the changing na-
ture of health care, the work is be-

coming increasingly difficult," she said.

Also critical to the campaign’s suc-
cess was tapping community sup-
port. Since the early 1970s, the non-
profit CCAP has provided critical so-
cial services to a timber community economically distressed by emp-

loyment and industry closures. The board of directors consists of labor and political leaders with strong ties to that community. When the agency began using valuable resources to hire a well-known union-busting at-
torney, the labor leaders rallied be-

hind the workers and their struggle for economic justice. "While the community campaign didn’t alto-
gen- curb the union busting, it did help to temper the agency’s anti-
union position," Schu said.

This is Local 8’s third organizing victory for homecare workers in the last five years. The benefits these workers received from unionizing were passed on to CCAP’s workers.

Several Local 8 homecare workers — Lucinda Clark, Colleen Stern, Karen Arbel and Robin McCumber — came to committee meetings and wrote testimonials to share their en-
thusiasm for the union with workers at CCAP.

The next phase, Schu said, will be to win that first union contract. On January 24, members were to meet to begin the process. With the foun-
dation for a strong bargaining sup-
port committee in place, these homecare workers will surely gain the justice they deserve.

Local 11, Portland Schedules Election

Local 11 has filed for a representa-
tion election at the Lower Columbia Community Action Council for 60 employees and is continuing its campaign in Eastern Washington with a group of 650 employees of Na-
tional Home Care Service. We hope to report a stunning victory in these campaigns in the next issue of White Collar.

Becky Turner Becomes First Female Business Rep at Lockheed Ft. Worth

Becky L. Turner became business representative for Local 277 in Fort Worth, Texas, on January 2, 1995. Turner, according to In-
national Vice President J.B. Moss, is now on leave of absence from Lockheed Fort Worth Company (formerly General Dynamics).

Local 277 has represented employees at the Lockheed plant, which manufactures the F-16 fighter plane, since the 1940s. Turner is the first female business representative at any of the plant’s unions, said Moss.

Turner is a graduate of the University of Texas with a degree in Government. She has been a member of OPEIU Local 277 since 1978 and has served the members as steward, chief steward, Step III grievance committee person, vice president and been a member of several negotiating teams.

In addition to Lockheed, Local 277 repre-

sentatives employ American Income Life In-

surance Company and elsewhere.

Becky Turner appears here at the 1994 South-
west/Southeast Education Conven-
tion held in San Antonio, Texas.

Doctors Clinic Organizes Under Local 23 Banner in Washington State

The 102 lab assistants, x-ray assistants and clerical workers at Doctors Clinic successfully won their right to be represented by OPEIU Local 23 in Tacoma, Washington.

Doctors Clinic is a medical provider with five facilities throughout King County in Washington State. Issues in the campaign, said International Business Representative Jeff Rusich, included job security, a five-

year wage cap, desire for a grievance procedure, senior-

ity rights and wages.

Rusich, who with Local 23 Business Representative Marcia Peterson, led the campaign, said the in-house committee played a pivotal role. "This com-
mitee, composed of employees from the many classi-
fications, not only were very active but also were not intimidated by management’s anti-union tactics," Rus-


ich said. These tactics included videos opposing the union, captive audience meetings, anti-union litera-
ture, etc.

Community labor support was strong. Because of that support and a strong committee, Rusich feels confident that an excellent contract will be negotiated and eventu-
ally the other workers at Doctors Clinic — professionals and technicals — will seek representation. We look for-
ward to reporting that success.

The Consumer Price Index for Canada and the U.S.

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Wht White Collar

Issue 1, 1995

White Collar

OFFICE AND PROFESSIONAL EMPLOYEES

INTERNATIONAL UNION

AFFILIATED WITH THE AFL-CIO

LOCAL 23

TACOMA WASHINGTON

President

CYNTHIA BODEN

First Vice President

PATTY GALZY

Treasurer

TINA WATTS

Secretary-Treasurer

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Washington Window

Labor's Legislative Agenda

Health care, labor law reform and taxes will be among the items on labor's legislative agenda for the new Congress, says AFL-CIO Legislative Director Robert McGlotten. But how the union federation approaches these issues, what it decides to do, and the possible outcomes will all be far different than before.

That's because, for the first time since the 1955 AFL-CIO merger, labor faces a Congress totally under Republican control. And GOP dominance of Capitol Hill does not bode well for organized labor. As one example, the 1947-49 86th Congress — the first GOP-run Congress since World War II — approved the Taft-Hartley Act and its infamous right-to-work section 14(b).

The new GOP dominance of Congress was uppermost in McGlotten's mind when he discussed how the federation would react to issues in 1995. It will start by returning to its grass-roots, canvassing local unionists and leaders for information about new Republicans and whether they held elective office.

And it will establish local legislative committees to contact those lawmakers, thus taking its legislative lobbying back to the local level.

Those local meetings will also help send a message to the Clinton Administration about its own pro-labor program. That program emphasizes re-educating workers for future jobs. The Administration must be careful in telling workers they must return to school, McGlotten noted. Workers "don't see the value of such re-education if there isn't a job at the other end."

Overall, labor may take a "go-slow" attitude in the next Congress, as it takes time for the National Right-to-Work Coalition law to kick in. McGlotten said, the AFL-CIO "will be slow in peddling" any new labor law reforms to be proposed by the Dunlop Commission on Worker-Management Relations this January.

"We're uncertain of the landscape" in the new Congress, McGlotten explains. Some Republicans want to turn back the labor law clock, he adds.

New Senate Labor Committee Chair Nancy Rassebaum (R-RI) "is not anti-labor" and new House Speaker Newt Gingrich (R-GA) helped the pilots and flight attendants' unions when one of Gingrich's hometown airlines hit financial trouble. "But you have to watch out for the new House Majority Leader Richard Armey and Whip Ron DeLay (both R-Texas), McGlotten warns.

"Armey is the great enthusiast for stands of the National Right-to-Work Committee, though he says he's not anti-union. And when you listen to

Puting a Name on Your Pain

By Phillip L. Polakoff, M.D.

Pain is one of the most feared consequences of injury or disease. The dread of suffering, however, is about the only thing about pain that people share in common. It's a difficult feeling to define because it means different things to different people at different times.

The subjective nature of pain makes it hard to identify as an entity requiring treatment. Pain cannot be measured, so the doctor has to rely mainly on a combination of factors: the patient's medical history and his or her — the doctor's — own experience of pain.

Even the mechanism by which pain is felt is not fully understood, despite continuing research. What likely happens is that pain arises when the balance of nerve impulses entering the central nervous system from a particular area of the body is abnormal in a particular way.

That's not a very helpful explanation when you're hurting and you want the pain to go away.

In an effort to be specific, let's consider back pain. Everyone can relate to that particular discomfort because it's one of the most common pains around. Here are some causes:

• Trauma This includes strains and sprains of the spine, often associated with lifting heavy objects. Other trauma causes are falling, the sudden impact of an automobile collision and other accidents. Pain resulting from trauma can often be traced back to an unsafe workplace or unsafe work practices.

• Spline damage Fractures, slipped or ruptured discs and tumors which press upon the spinal cord can cause chronic pain.

• Heredity Inherited abnormalities of the spine can cause back pain. Spinal bifida — the incomplete closure of the neural tube and the bony vertebral canal — is an example.

• Disease Backaches are frequently symptoms of such diseases as arthritis, peptic ulcers, kidney problems and inflammatory diseases of the colon and prostate.

• Menstruation For many women, menstrual pain radiates to the back.

Just as back pain can stem from many different causes, it can also take many forms. Not all of them are isolated in the back itself.

When you see your doctor for a pain that lasts longer than a few days, it will help the diagnosis if you can put a name on your pain. For example:

Local pain is the type of backache that occurs when something happens to irritate the nerves or destroy the muscles and ligaments that support the spinal canal. The pain may be steady or periodic. It usually gets worse when you change positions.

Referred pain is a deep and aching pain that originates in the upper part of the spine and is usually felt in the front of the legs and thighs. Pain that centers in the lower part of the spine affects the buttocks, back of the thighs, calves and feet.

Radicul or foot pain results from stretching, irritating and compressing the spinal root. Usually dull and aching, it typically extends from the spine to the legs.

Muscle spasms. When muscles spasm, they tend to twist and affect normal posture. The result is muscle tension which in turn gives rise to dull and cramping pains.

Many medications are available to ease pain. But more to the point are the commonsense precautions you can observe to reduce the risk of hurting your back — or other parts of the body — at work or at your favorite recreation.

In today's economy companies have to get lean and mean.

We'll start with mean.
The Early Years...

1936
First clerical federal charter issued by AFL to a local union: Stenographers, Typists, Bookkeepers and Assistants, Federal Labor Union No. 11051 (became OPEIU Local 1, Indianapolis)

1933
Roosevelt's New Deal passed the National Recovery Act which gave employees the right to organize and bargain collectively, but it was later declared unconstitutional.

1935
The Wagner Act passed which made collective bargaining part of national labor policy, it was declared constitutional in 1937.

1937
In June of that year a new federal charter was issued for Federal Labor Union No. 20940 in New York City. One of its founding members was Howard Coughlin, then working for IBM Local 3. Many other locals were chartered that year, including those that became Local 29 in Oakland, and Local 30 in Los Angeles. But chapters were also lifted from locals in New York and Chicago that joined the CIO. A new charter was given to Chicago's Federal Local 20940, later to become OPEIU Local 28.

The AFl at its convention in Denver created the American Federation of Office Employees, International Council—a paper organization—to maintain a loose liaison with the newly chartered locals.

On December 11, George Firth, Harry Beach and others formed the Pacific Northwest Conference of Office Employees, which eventually would develop into an international council.

1938
Howard Coughlin was elected president of the New York local union (Federal Union 20940).

1939
On April 2 the West Coast locals met and formed the Pacific Conference of Office Workers.

On June 25 Harry Beach drowned in a boating accident and J. Howard Hicks succeeded to the leadership of the Portland local.

1940
An organizing campaign began for clericals at the Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA), Henderson B. Douglas, then with the Washington local and working on the AFL staff, was sent there to help.
Meet Your Vice President

Ron Tuckwood

Ron Tuckwood serves as International Vice President for Region XI, covering the western Canadian provinces.

Tuckwood was elected president of OBEU Local 378 in Vancouver, British Columbia in 1990. He was elected International Vice President at the 1992 International Convention.

He had been an electrical service planner at British Columbia Hydro's Abbotsford office, spent 12 years in various elected positions in the local union. Until his election as president, he served as secretary-treasurer of Local 378.

Tuckwood dedicated himself upon his election to making constitutional changes to bring the members and officers closer. In addition, he undertook a program to educate the public in Canada on the benefits of union membership.

Local 378 represents more than 7,500 employees in the insurance industry, public utilities, transportation, colleges and the private sector.

Carolyn Combs

Carolyn Combs was born in St. Paul, Minnesota. A graduate of John Marshall High School, she attended Macalester College for one year before moving to Chicago. She graduated from Roosevelt University with a Bachelor of Arts in Psychology.

While still a student, Combs worked for Roosevelt University. When the office employees -- shortly after she was hired -- organized a union, she became a charter member. The union was called originally the Roosevelt College Office Employees' Union, Local 1645.

Michael Walker

In 1964 Mike Walker was the third-shift picket captain for the Papermakers, who had been on strike for 18 weeks. Walker was working a part-time job at Blue Cross during the day and running the picket line by night. Finally, he accepted a full-time position at Blue Cross since he had a brand new set of twins and other family obligations.

In 1969 he became one of the key employee organizers at the Blue Cross unit. After an 18-month organizing campaign, the employees won by just a few votes. Their first contract was negotiated and ratified in 1971. Walker became the first chief steward at Blue Cross.

In 1972 he became the business representative for OBEU Local 9, continuing to work with the Blue Cross unit as well as other Local 9 units. In 1973 Walker joined the International staff. Through the years he has served the locals in his region with dedication and the innovative methods that have helped them achieve better standards of living.

In January 1986 the International Executive Board elected Walker Vice President of Region VII. He is well-known throughout the International Union for developing the "There Is Another Way" program — a corporate campaign strategy for pressuring companies to settle contracts without striking.

He has waged successful corporate campaigns against the biggest and the not-so-big employers throughout the country. He is continually called in to advise local unions on corporate strategies and to provide training.

At the 1992 International Convention, Walker receives a special commendation on behalf of all OBEU members for his outstanding leadership, dedication and perseverance in the successful development and implementation of the "There Is Another Way" program.

He was one of three members who received the President's "Outstanding Achievements" award during the same convention along with delegates Judy Burnick and Gerald Skrzeczowski.

David Miller

Vice President for Region IX, covering Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba, is David Miller. He has served in that capacity since 1992.

Miller served in the Canadian Armed Forces following graduation from Holland College High School. He then studied at the School of Music in Esquimalt, British Columbia. He worked in various positions within Saskatchewan Government Insurance, beginning in 1973. It was there at 521 that he became an OBEU member and began his career as a labor union activist.

The positions he has held are long and varied. At various times he has held office of sergeant-at-arms, 1st and 2nd vice president of the provincial council. In 1993 he was elected provincial council president, a position he still holds.

Miller, too, has served on innumerable local, regional and international committees.

He has attended and taught a myriad of labor relations courses. And he has represented the union and its members at innumerable rallies, demonstrations, meetings, conferences and panels. A special area of interest has been safety and health in the workplace. Miller has dedicated himself to improving the quality of life for the members and workers, with a special focus on video display terminals and ergonomics, indoor air quality and AIDS.

His outside interests tend to the athletic: golf, slow pitch, jogging, badminton, curling, hockey and skiing. He even teaches curling for a kids club in Regina, Saskatchewan.

Janice Best

International Vice President Janice Best represents the many locals in the Province of Ontario that make up Region X.

Best has been a member of OBEU Local 343 since she began working for the Plumbers Union local in Toronto, Ontario, in 1970. From 1974 to 1976 she continued her OBEU membership, but as an employee of a Transfer local union.

OBEU recognized her many talents, enthusiasm and dedication to the members and hired her in 1976 as the first staff representative for the newly formed Central Ontario Council. The Council is a coalition of regional local unions who have united to better share resources and expertise.

Best worked for the Council, organizing and serving, until 1986 when she became an International Representative. After working for the International for four years, she joined the staff of Local 343.

From 1986 until the present Best has served as both Region X International Vice President and Coordinator of the Central Ontario Council.

Best has represented the International Union, the Canadian membership and the Central Ontario Council on committees, panels, and the like — at all levels of the labor movement. And she has served the International Union on many committees, at conferences, workshops, training programs and conventions.
Canadian Conventions

Local 434

The last convention of Local 434 representing Laurentian Bank employees brought about many changes: a new union representation structure extending jurisdiction to the entire Province of Quebec; a new dues structure that is more equitable; and a new vitality in the financial sector wherein day-to-day union involvement is more present.

On another front: the Quebec Federation of Labour and the Universite du Quebec a Montreal are working on a research project about union health menaces for Laurentian Bank tellers. They will be examining the impact of overwork, the effects of stress caused by sales objectives, work position, irregular work schedules, productivity evaluation and bank robberies.

Members Unite in New Jersey to Form OPEIU Local 32-14

Uniting thousands of New Jersey workers, OPEIU Local 14 members voted to merge with Local 32-14.

The action led to creation of Local 32-14 — 6,000 members strong — combining both public and private sectors.

Local 14 members voted to merge after a period of instability caused by the absence of a business manager to administer numerous contracts. Because a majority of Local 14 members work for New Jersey employers, a merger with New Jersey based Local 32, led by OPEIU Vice President Patrick Tully, was a natural. Most of the membership is centered in the Ocean County, New Jersey area with members employed by the county. Many members, however, live and work in Pennsylvania as well.

Vice President Tully, also Local 32 business manager, served as trustee of Local 32 during its transitional period. His leadership in servicing and negotiating helped pave the way for the ultimate merger. He now serves as business manager of the merged local.

The two executive boards have been well merged, Tully said, with newly elected Local 14 board representatives sitting with the Local 32 members to direct the union. These new board members include William Campbell (Ocean County engineers), Steve LaSala (Ocean County library); Pamela Moore (Ocean County white collar clerical employees); and Wanda Williams (Philadelphia-area units).

Tully noted that the merger means a stronger OPEIU presence in both the northern and southern parts of New Jersey. He added that the merger took place with no disruption for members of either local union and, in fact, has resulted in improved service for all Local 32-14 members.

Local 459 Ends Strike and Wins Contract at Wolverine Red Cross

After a three-week strike, Local 459 gained a new contract for the blood collection workers of the Wolverine Regional American Red Cross, said Local 459 President Joe Marutiak. These members work out of Alpena, Flint and Petoskey, Michigan. Their contract expired in April 1994, but they kept working while negotiations progressed. When the bargaining reached an impasse, employees went on strike August 15.

Wages, Marutiak said, were the biggest issue. "These employees are paid significantly less than their counterparts at the Great Lakes Red Cross. The Great Lakes employees have been unionized for many years. The Wolverine Red Cross has had a hard time recruiting and retaining employees due to the low wages. In spite of this, management only offered a 2.8% increase the first year and wage renews the second and third years," he said.

The strikers had one, firm goal: They needed a $52 per hour increase the first year and set wage increases the second and third years. This goal was so important that not one union employee crossed the picket line. The Red Cross used supervisors to run some programs, but ended up having to buy blood from other regions for most of its supply. (Because of the ability to buy blood, the strike does not deprive the community of needed blood supplies.)

When bargaining resumed, a tentative agreement was reached whereby wages were increased by 5.82 hourly the first year, 3% the second, and 3% the third. The agreement was ratified by 73% of the members voting.

The union's bargaining team was Jean Hunter, Woodie Roberson and Linda Taylor. Chuck Wynne, former Local 459 service representative, assisted.

Wage Gains Won by Local 39 Members at CUNA Mutual

CUNA Mutual employees represented by OPEIU Local 39 ratified a three-year contract on November 3, said Local 30 Business Manager John Peterson. CUNA Mutual is a wholly owned member credit union in Madison, Wisconsin.

The new agreement provides a 4% across-the-board increase each year.

In addition, there will be a $400 bonus paid in March, 1995. Beginning in 1996, there will be a new employee incentive plan that will pay out a zero to five percent bonus depending on the company's financial performance. The settlement is retroactive to March 31, 1994.

The new agreement requires employees to provide premium payments toward health and dental insurance effective January 1, 1996. Employees have not contributed to premiums since 1971, Peterson said. Under the terms of the new contract, they will contribute $5, $10 or $15 per month for single, double or family health plans respectively. Dental will be $2, $4 or $6 monthly. A flex-benefit plan was negotiated that will install a cafeteria-style benefit plan for insurance, effective May 1, 1995.

Before reaching this agreement, CUNA Mutual employees had rejected the company's "best offer" by a vote of 1,467 to 129. This "best offer" had lower across-the-board increases and higher insurance premiums, according to Peterson.

Local 57 Fights to Win Back Jobs at CCQ

Ninety-three Local 57 members, who work for the Commission de la Construction du Quebec (a government agency that regulates all conditions of employment for the legal construction work performed in the Province of Quebec) have been laid off as a result of the deregulation of the industry. Local 57 represents more than 700 workers at the CCQ. OPEIU Canadian Director Michel Lajeunesse reports that the union has tried to reach an agreement with the employer to save those jobs without success. Local 57, therefore, is pursuing an arbitration case on the layoffs.

The newly elected provincial government, Lajeunesse, says has announced the ban of Bill 142 (Chapter 01), which would prevent a long judicial battle to win back the jobs.

He says that the members at CCQ have been hard hit these past two years with many concessionary demands from the employer. "Now after giving back so much, they are asked to give up their jobs as well. We will fight this inhumane action," Lajeunesse promised.
The organizing success of the OPEU in 1984 was outstanding. Over 5,000 new members in the U.S. and Canada were added to the OPEU. Crosscutting North America from California to Montreal, organizing activity was everywhere. Health care workers, public employees, hypnotherapists and chiropractors all looked to the OPEU for help. To paraphrase the words of Mark Twain, "The report of the death of the labor movement is an exaggeration." Certainly not in OPEU, which is alive and well, ready to take on all comers.

Some may have difficulty understanding the paradox of our success against the anti-union climate in which we operate. Not all of us, however, have that paradoxical problem.

Employers have taken great comfort in the recent political developments in the U.S. and Canada. They believe that labor's power has been diminished to the point where they are free to return to their old tricks without fear of government intervention. With this sense of immunity, employers have again been "acting up" in numbers that have not been seen in recent years. Cutting benefits, increasing work hours, and discharging workers at will are among the most blatant violations of workers' rights. The response has been to seek the help of the union, an advocate and ally of workers. The increased pressure the employers are putting on workers will only lead to more and more workers seeking collective bargaining and the protection of a collective agreement.

The opportunity for the OPEU to help workers achieve improved wages, working conditions and job security has never been greater. We believe that our organizing success in 1985 will surpass 1974 in large numbers. Much of our increased organizing activity is the result of moving organizing to the top of the agenda. We are fortunate to have Jay Porcaro as our Director of Organization, who has been doing an excellent job in getting our message out. The staff has responded with stepped-up activity and success. Dale Butlond, Donna Stuffer, Jeff Russich, Jim Noonan, Ron Hutton and Bob Simmons were fully involved in key organizing drives with support from the remainder of the staff. Our Regional Director in Florida, Ed Darcy, has achieved great success with public employees, and attorney Don Sheehy has been helpful in promoting the OPEU in Florida. Secretary-Treasurer Gilles Beauregard assisted organizing public employees, hypnotherapists and numerous other professional groups.

Canadian Director Michel Lajeunesse reports many organizing successes throughout Canada similar to those in the U.S. Local union representatives such as Cindy Sehn (Local 8), Jeff Edmundson (Local 11), Pat Tully (Local 22), Marcia Petersen (Local 23), Judy Klaus and Meg Dall (Local 40), Walter Allen (Local 55), John Heffernan and Adam Kelly (Local 152), Velma Scott-Davis (Local 30), Joe Marios (Local 459), Bob Flemming (Local 512) and Local 404 member Bob Garvin are all out there organizing along with numerous other local union staff. In all, 35 units were organized averaging 90 members per unit in 1984.

**“What do we have to fear if we don’t organize?”**

What do we have to fear if we don’t organize? For one thing, free unions in the United States are in jeopardy if a bill currently before the Congress passes. The so-called "Team Act" has been introduced by 21 representatives and senators as H.R. 743 and S.295. This legislation would overturn one of the most important decisions ever handed down by the National Labor Relations Board. The decision, known as the Electromation Case, reaffirmed the ban on company unions contained in Section 8 (a) 2 of the National Labor Relations Act. The Team Act legislation would allow management to create employee organizations, write their by-laws and handpick worker delegates to address issues of wages and working conditions. In other words, company unions.

There is also talk in the U.S. Congress of eliminating overtime after 40 hours. There are those who want to change the law to allow employers to pay overtime only after 60 hours in a 2-week period. This would mean that an employee could be required to work 60 hours one week and 30 hours the other with no overtime compensation. The original concept of overtime was to penalize an employer economically for forcing workers to work more than a set number of hours per week or month. The labor movement fought for and won passage of the Fair Labor Standards Act in the U.S. and similar legislation in Canada. You can imagine what will happen if this proposal becomes law.

Although the talk is now only in the U.S., our Canadian brothers and sisters should also be concerned because history has proven that whatever happens on one side of the border eventually flows its way to the other side.

The only real answer to these problems is to organize in large numbers and participate effectively in the political process.

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**Organize For Your Own Protection**

by Michael Goodwin, International President

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**Successes Build**

(Continued from page 1)

can see. This group fits well into the OPEU family of health care professions, said Director of Organization Jay Porcaro, and "we look forward to a mutually rewarding relationship."

The National Federation of Acupuncture, Local 545, was chartered to represent professional acupuncture practitioners throughout the United States. NFA is in a struggle to preserve and protect its profession legislatively. As a viable alternative treatment, acupuncture was established as a vital component of the health care industry. Acupuncture contributes to the general well-being and health of many, many clients.

OPEU recently chartered the General Association of Miramar Employees, Local 101, as a public sector union representing employees working for the City of Miramar, Florida.

Official Court Reporters voted to affiliate with Local 32 in New Jersey. This unit of about 150 professional court reporters has selected OPEU to become its exclusive bargaining representative. Vice President Pat Tully reported the merger after successful negotiations with the association membership resulted in an affiliation vote. (See related story on page 7.)

An independent unit of registered nurses voted to join OPEU and has been chartered as Local 40. The bargaining unit is composed of 366 nurses employed at Mt. Clemens Hospital, Michigan. OPEU International Representative Bob Simmons and Robert Garvin will be assisting the new unit at the bargaining table and with internal training programs.

Local 40 is very much interested in helping other Michigan nurses units to organize and obtain bargaining rights. They have established an internal volunteer organizing committee to help accomplish that goal. (We hope to have an expanded story for you on this in the next issue of White Collar.)

Local 42 announced a successful vote to affiliate a 50-member unit working at Wayne County Legal Services, Detroit. Bargaining is currently underway.

See articles on organizing victories in home health care and at Doctor’s Clinic in this issue as well.